

A PRIMER ON SUSTAINABILITY & THE ROLE OF STEEL

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American Iron and Steel Institute

AUTOMOTIVE COMPANIES ARE SETTING GHG TARGETS

AUTOMOBILES

Honda sets net-zero CO2 target by 2050 for whole supply chain

Automaker asks main suppliers to cut carbon emissions 4% annually

March 31, 2021 10:19 AM

Nissan brings its innovation and excitement to the 'Race to Zero'

Ford adds short-term emissions targets en route to 2050 carbon neutrality goal

The automaker detailed the goals in its annual sustainability report

MICHAEL MARTINEZ 🕑 in 🔊 🖂

CLIMATE CHANGE

Toyota speeds up carbon-zero target for factories to 2035

Goal pushed forward 15 years as industry prioritizes decarbonization

EDITORS' PICK | Jan 28, 2021, 11:00am EST | 5,677 views

GM To Make Only Electric Vehicles By 2035, Be Carbon Neutral By 2040



Sam Abuelsamid Senior Contributor ©

A lifetime in the car business, first engineering, now communicating

Follow

SHIFTING FOCUS TO THE SUPPLY CHAIN

- Companies increasingly recognizing the need to assess and reduce the impacts of their supply chains (Scope 3) to meet their sustainability goals
- Automotive supply chain impacts are driven by the production of battery, structure, and closure materials, including steel, aluminum, and plastics



"We will lead in achieving carbon neutrality because it's the right thing for customers, the planet and Ford. Ninety-five percent of our carbon emissions today come from our vehicles, operations and suppliers, and we're tackling all three of those sources with urgency and optimism."

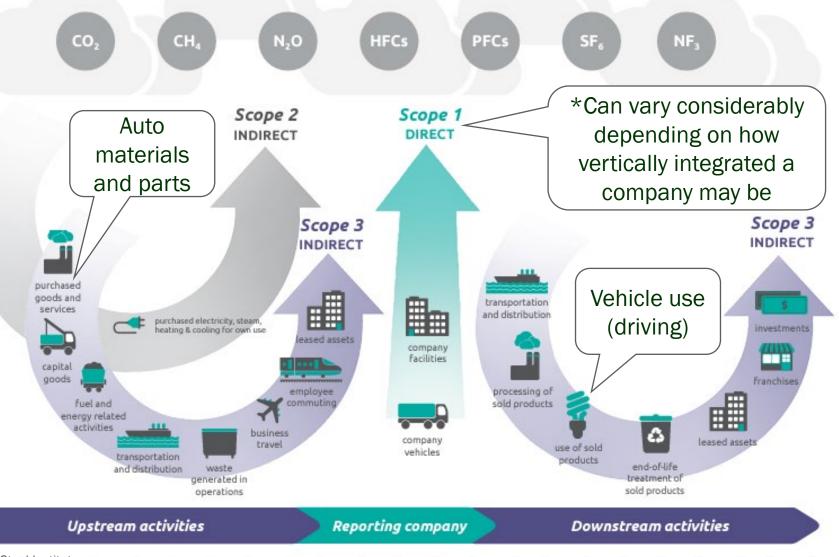
GM has worked



with some of its largest suppliers to create a sustainability council to share best practices, learn from each other and create new standards for the industry. In addition to the council's work, GM is collaborating with suppliers to set ambitious targets for the supply chain to reduce emissions, increase transparency and source more sustainable materials.

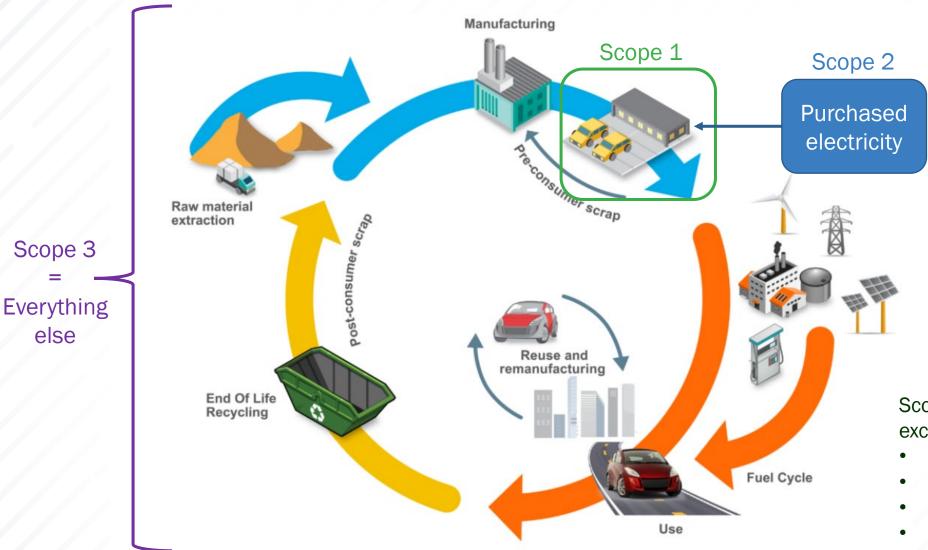
20 YEARS GDIS

WHAT ARE SCOPE 1, 2, & 3 EMISSIONS ANYWAY?



https://ghgprotocol.org/scope-3-technical-calculation-guidance

HOW DOES THIS RELATE TO LCA?

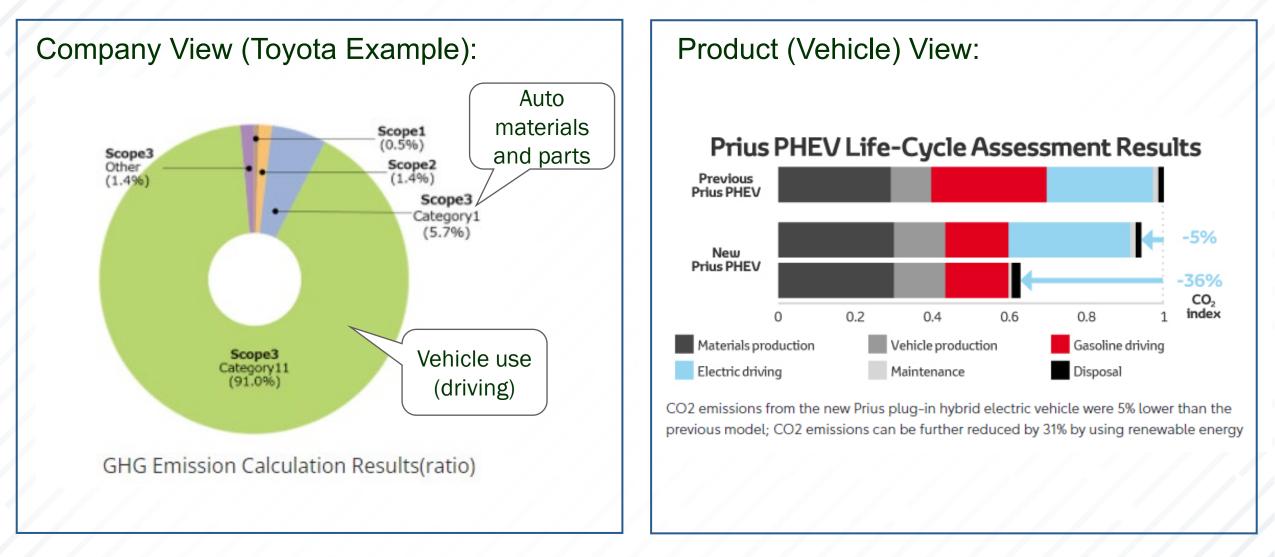




Scope 3 categories typically excluded from LCAs:

- Capital goods
- Employee commuting
- Business travel
- Leased assets
- Investments

LIFE CYCLE GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS



6

KEY TERMS

Carbon footprint:

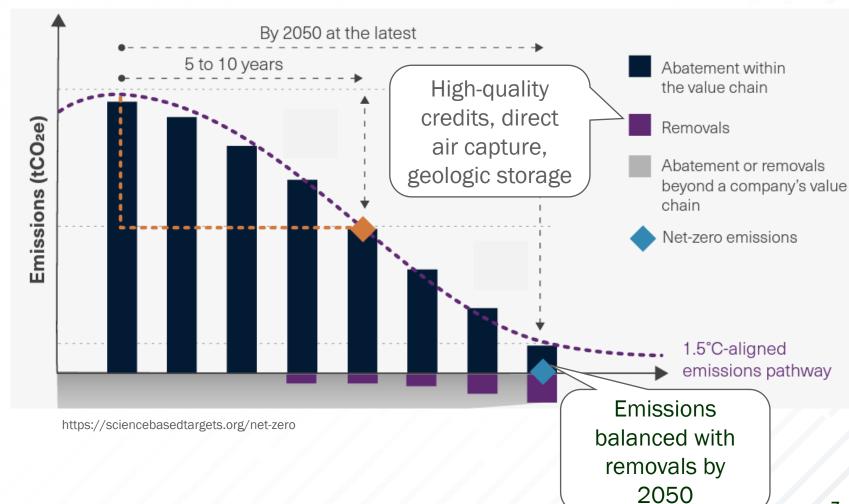
Quantity of greenhouse gases released to the atmosphere over the life cycle of a product, system, or service

Carbon neutral:

State in which carbon emissions (CO_2) are balanced by removals from the atmosphere

Net Zero:

Same as carbon neutral, but for all greenhouse gases



Science-based Targets Initiative Net Zero Standard



OVERVIEW: AMERICAN STEEL INDUSTRY



- Cleanest and most energy efficient of the major steel industries in the world
- Essential to the U.S. decarbonization strategy, national and economic security, and critical infrastructure
- Supports nearly two million American jobs



U.S. GHG EMISSIONS & THE ROLE OF STEEL

- Globally, the steel industry contributes 7-8% of total GHG emissions
- In the U.S., the steel industry emits 1-2% of total U.S. GHG emissions

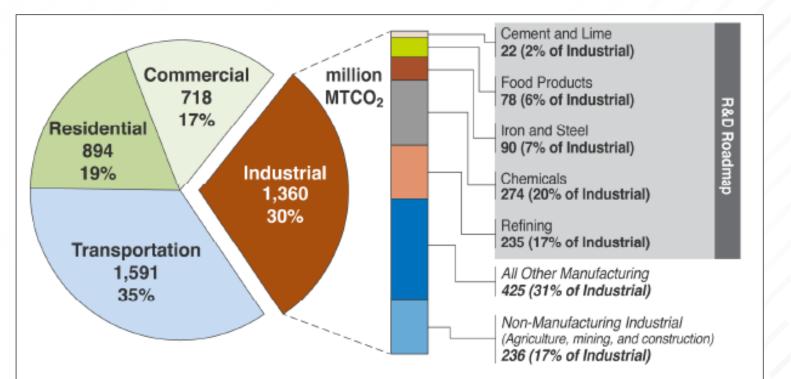


Figure 2: U.S. primary energy-related CO₂ emissions by economic sector (left pie chart) and a breakout by industrial subsector (right stacked chart) in 2020. Electricity losses allocated to end-use sectors. The CO₂ emission in million metric tons (MTCO₂) is shown, as well as the percent contribution of that sector of the whole. Data source: EIA 2021⁶

DOE RFI on Industrial Decarbonization Priorities, DOE-FOA-0002687, 1/27/2022

SUSTAINABLE AMERICAN STEEL



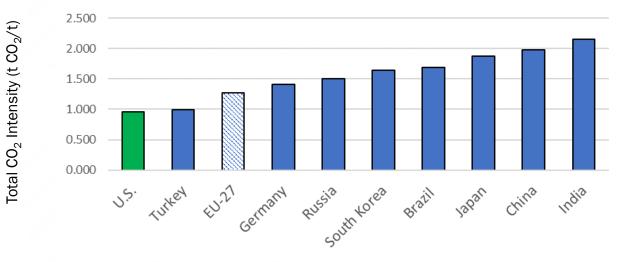




Author: All Hasanbeigi, Ph.D.

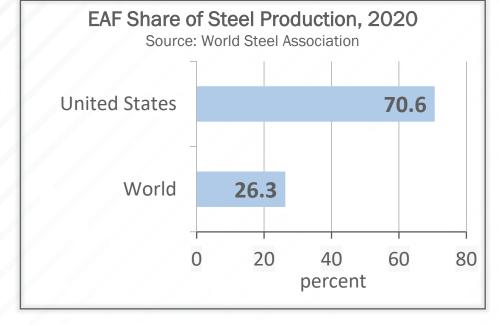


Total CO₂ Emissions Intensity - Nine Largest Steel Producing Countries and the EU-27 (2019)



<u>Adapted from:</u> Hasanbeigi, "Steel Climate Impact: An International Benchmarking of Energy and CO₂ Intensities," Global Efficiency Intelligence, 2022.

WHAT MAKES AMERICAN STEEL SUSTAINABLE?





- The U.S. makes much more of its steel from Electric Arc Furnace (EAF) mills than many other regions
- Integrated mills use pelletized iron, not the lower quality sintered iron used in China and elsewhere
- Domestic mills use a much higher percentage of natural gas vs. coal



20 YEARS GDIS

CONTINUING EFFORTS TO ENHANCE SUSTAINABILITY

Work is also underway on projects to further enhance the sustainability of domestic steelmaking:

- Advancements in the use of Direct Reduced Iron (DRI) and Hot Briquetted Iron (HBI) in place of coal-based pig iron in both integrated and EAF steelmaking
- Using renewable energy-based hydrogen as a reduction agent in DRI/HBI production
- Capturing and using/storing CO₂
- Increasing use of renewable energy in steel industry facilities







MANY ARE STUDYING STEEL DECARBONIZATION





KEY THEMES FOR DECARBONIZATION

- 1. Material efficiency
- 2. BF/BOF efficiency
- 3. Electrification
- 4. Biomass reductants & other fuel shifts
- 5. Carbon capture, usage, and storage
- 6. Increase share of scrap-based EAFs
- 7. Optimize DRI and EAF using natural gas
- 8. DRI and EAF using hydrogen



THE ROLE OF CCUS AND HYDROGEN FOR FUTURE REDUCTIONS

CO₂ emissions reductions in the iron and steel sector in the IEA Sustainable Development Scenario by mitigation strategy

Stated Policies Scenario Hydrogen CCUS 1.5 Sustainable Development Scenario 0.5 2028 2024 2026 2030 2032 2034 2036 2038 2042 2044 2022 2040 2046 2048 2050 2020 Material efficiency Electrification Technology performance Other fuel shifts CCUS ٠ Hydrogen ٠ Bioenergy

Gt CO2/year

IEA, 2020, https://www.iea.org/data-and-statistics/charts/iron-and-steel-sector-direct-co2-emission-reductionsin-the-sustainable-development-scenario-by-mitigation-strategy-2019-2050-2

SCIENCE-BASED TARGETS INITIATIVE (SBTI)



ABOUT US

The Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi) drives ambitious climate action in the private sector by enabling companies to set science-based emissions reduction targets.



DRIVING AMBITIOUS CORPORATE CLIMATE ACTION

Steel

We're developing science-based target setting methodologies, tools and guidance for steel companies and other stakeholders. Our aim is to help companies to understand and implement the level of climate ambition required to meet the 1.5°C goal of the Paris Agreement.

SUMMARY

- Automotive companies are (or have already) set targets for greenhouse gas emissions reductions
 - Trend is happening across many sectors and countries
 - Many striving for near-term reductions and long-term neutrality or net zero
- Materials in the vehicle supply chain, like steel, are a key component of automotive company sustainability strategies
- The American steel industry is already the least carbon intensive of all major steel producing countries
- Efforts continue by all American steel companies to further reduce greenhouse gas emissions from their production processes
- Steel is an innovative material that can help automotive companies meet their design objectives, lightweighting goals, and enable their sustainability strategies

FOR MORE INFORMATION

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