July 20, 2021

The Honorable Nancy Pelosi
Speaker
U.S. House of Representatives
Washington, D.C. 20515

The Honorable Kevin McCarthy
Republican Leader
U.S. House of Representatives
Washington, D.C. 20515

Dear Speaker Pelosi and Leader McCarthy:

We write to express our strong support for including robust domestic procurement policies for personal protective equipment (PPE) in any legislation addressing American competitiveness. We note that the Senate included a strong procurement provision in that chamber’s recently passed S.1260, the U.S. Innovation and Competition Act (USICA), and encourage the House to likewise prioritize this critical policy goal.

Section 4153 of the USICA, which is largely based on the bipartisan Make PPE in America Act (S.1306) introduced earlier this year by Senators Peters and Portman, would ensure broad government coverage for domestic PPE procurement by extending rules for PPE procurement substantially similar to the Berry Amendment to the federal government’s largest buyers of these products, including the Departments of Homeland Security, Health and Human Services, and Veterans Affairs. As your chamber develops companion legislation to respond to the legacy of manufacturing and technology offshoring to China, provisions like Section 4153 in USICA are vital to reduce U.S. dependency on China for essential medical supplies. Additionally, we also highly recommend robust bipartisan House legislation that can be adopted to accomplish this goal, namely the American PPE Supply Chain Integrity Act (H.R. 1466) from Rep. McHenry and Rep. Pascrell, and the Homeland Procurement Reform Act (H.R. 2915) from Rep. Correa and Rep. Mast.
Last spring when our national PPE crisis was on the nightly news showing health care workers wearing garbage bags as gowns and reusing N95 masks, our severe overreliance on China for PPE revealed the undeniable fact that the lack of U.S. production of PPE is a threat to our national security and the public health of the American people. Our lack of domestic PPE manufacturing is the result of a generation’s worth of offshoring that has not only undermined our public health response, but centralized critical manufacturing in the hands of a strategic adversary. Failure to rectify this threatening dependency would be to snub our nose at Murphy’s Law—the idea that if something can go wrong, it will go wrong. It will show to the American people that our leaders have failed to learn the lessons of COVID-19.

Despite PPE shortages and supply chain disruptions, American workers stepped in to fill an enormous void. As a result of its sweat and ingenuity, U.S. manufacturing produced over a billion critical PPE items such as face masks, isolation gowns, and testing kit swabs for health care and frontline workers, as well as the American people. In doing so, these manufacturers planted the seeds of a budding re-shoring and near-shoring effort. For the first time in years, America makes PPE again.

For this trend to take hold, however, the emergent U.S. PPE industry needs the purchasing certainty that only long-term government contracts can provide. Many American companies who retooled their production out of a patriotic sense of duty are now staring down bankruptcy while manufacturing workers face the threat of layoffs. Despite all the efforts that have been taken to re-establish domestic PPE production since the start of the pandemic, there is no doubt that without policy reforms China will permanently secure the PPE market share that the United States is beginning to regain.

Now is the time to seriously reconsider our policies that send U.S. tax dollars to China only to have our access to critical PPE and other health supplies cut off in a crisis. The only path that secures our public health ahead of the next pandemic is a major shift to policies that incentivize robust and redundant U.S. supply chains and broaden the marketplace for these items. Following the model of the Berry Amendment, Sec. 4153 of USICA, H.R. 1466, and H.R. 2915 together will create the demand signal necessary to incentivize private sector investment in PPE manufacturing and support the growth of our public health industrial base.

We need a strong, vibrant, redundant, wholly U.S. PPE supply chain to help protect us from the next public health crisis. We urge you to ensure that the American competitiveness legislation developed by the House extends domestic purchasing requirements for PPE to the four critical departments with the largest federal purchasing power for these products—DHS, HHS, VA, and DoD.

Thank you for your consideration, and we stand ready to assist you and your staffs in any way to help accomplish this fundamental goal.

AFL-CIO
Alliance for American Manufacturing
American Iron and Steel Institute
American Sheep Institute
Coalition for a Prosperous America
Georgia Association of Manufacturers
INDA: Association of the Nonwoven Fabrics Industry
Narrow Fabrics Institute
National Council of Textile Organizations
Parachute Industry Association
Rhode Island Textile Innovation Network
SEAMS: Association of the U.S. Sewn Products Industry
Service Employees International Union (SEIU)
South Carolina Textile Council
SPESA: The Sewn Products Equipment & Suppliers of the Americas
Steel Manufacturers Association
United States Footwear Manufacturers Association
U.S. Industrial Fabrics Institute
United Steelworkers
Warrior Protection and Readiness Coalition
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